Version 17/6/2018



Certification and safety acceptance process for GNSS-based ERTMS/ ETCS and other railway high-safety integrity systems

by

Aleš Filip

University of Pardubice, Czech Republic

Plenary meeting of RTCM SC 134, SOGEI, Rome, 20-21 June 2018

Contents

- 1. Certification and safety approval process for interoperable railway signalling and train control systems;
- 2. Elements of the process, actors and results;
- 3. Safety approval process for GNSS integration with ERTMS ... how to start the process ... and what shall be done.

Motivation - GNSS for ERTMS/ ETCS

- European Railway Traffic Management System (ERTMS) was developed for railway signalling and traffic management in Europe;
- European Train Control System (ETCS), which is a part of ERTMS, employs track mounted balises for safe train position determination; CM Paper 093-2018-SC134-012



It is intended to replace costly track balises with virtual ones detected by GNSS;

This change must pass through certification and approval process.

Motivation – Certification and authorization process

- ERTMS/ ETCS consists of numerous on-board and track-side equipment geographically distributed in different MSs and connected via optical, metal and radio (GSM-R and satellite) communication links;
- It is required to ensure the required interoperability among on-board and track-side subsystems shared between different actors, mainly Infrastructure Managers (IM) and Railway Undertakings (RU);
- High safety and dependability requirements for ERTMS must be met also in cases when Track Balises are replaced with Virtual Balises and detected by GNSS;
- Therefore it is necessary to pass certification and approval process that guarantees that all requirements for ERTMS/ ETCS are met;

Directive (EU) 2016/797 extends authorization process of CCS (Control Command System) to entire railway system - it supports concept of "Cross Acceptance" as a stepping stone to the interoperability within the Trans European Network.

STEP_1: Simple generic safety-related system



Safety Management Process (RAMS activities according to CENELEC) based on Safety Plan (EN 50129) led by Project Safety Assurance Manager

- Approval process requires at least Safety Case and Assessment Report
- Verification , Validation (V&V) and Safety Case elaboration according to CENELEC safety standards EN 5012x, etc.
- It is not sufficient to apply CELENEC only for certification

STEP 2: Complex safety-related system for ERTMS/ETCS



Excepting V&V and Safety Case, system compliance with ERTMS/ETCS Technical Specifications for Interoperability (TSIs) should be checked ...

- Railway actors have to manage safely changes of the European railway system – including GNSS integration with ERTMS.
- Common Safety Method for Risk evaluation and Assessment (CSM-RA) must be used if system change (safety related) is significant
- CSM-RA harmonizes Risk Management Process, enables to introduce Cross-acceptance of Risk Assessment Process



CSM-RA

- Activities such as V&V, Safety Case elaboration, its independent Risk Assessment and Conformity Assessment with respect to TSI's (i.e. certification) cover only part of V-Cycle (Life-cycle) according to CENELEC EN 50126;
- Safety monitoring during real system operations is not covered by the activities above;
- However, CSM-RA shall cover the whole CENELEC lifecycle, including safety evaluation during system operations …
- Therefore CSM-RA requires Safety Management System (SMS) to be performed with RU (Railway Undertaking) and IM (Infrastructure Manager) to fill in the gap mentioned above;
- European common Safety Targets (for the whole railway systems) are used for safety evaluation within Safety Management System.

Compliance of CSM-RA with CENELEC V-cycle (EN 50126)



STEP_3: Complex safety-related system for ERTMS ... continuation



Safety approval process for integration of GNSS with ERTMS

- The aim of European railway authorities and European railway industry is to develop interoperable railway systems based on common regulations;
- Cross-acceptance of Safety Approvals for sub-systems and equipment by the different national railway authorities is essential;
- Cross-acceptance is also critical for exploitation of (aviation) GNSS SoL service for ERTMS;
- <u>Safety Case is very important part of the conformity assessment</u> documenting the achieved safety levels, even though there are replaced by higher level certificates during certification and safety approval process.
- The Cross-acceptance of GNSS SoL service can be achieved via two Generic Safety Cases from the following EN 50129 safety cases family:
 - Generic Product Safety Case (independent of railway application);
 - Generic Application Safety Case (for a class of applications).

STEP 4: Framework for the whole certification and safety approval process



Certificates are valid in all Member States (MSs) or in a specific Member States (MS) depending on conditions

Generic Product Safety Case = <u>Generic Safety Case</u> for a <u>Product</u> (i.e. SBAS), *independent of ERTMS/ETCS solution*

It should include:

- (a) Genetic description of railway SBAS safety applications, railway safety concepts, required safety levels / design targets, functions to be performed determination of train position along track, track determination function during SOM (Start of Mission), etc.
- (b) SBAS suitability analysis i.e. the determination of real SBAS performance in terms of railway RAMS (EN 50126) and guaranteed accuracy (Protection Level) ... what railway can expect from SBAS
- (c) The identification all gaps in safety provisions due to SBAS imperfections, railway environmental effects (multipath, EMI), potential intentional attacks e.g. spoofing (security gaps) from viewpoint of railway high-safety integrity requirements.

Responsibility: This Generic Safety Case for Product shall be delivered from the Product/ service supplier to System supplier/ configurator)

Safety approval and acceptance process for Generic Product Safety Case (CENELEC)... e.g. for <u>Generic Safety Case</u> for SBAS

EN 50129



Generic application Safety Case = <u>Safety Case</u> for a Generic Application, i.e. for a class of ERTMS applications –

Example: use of SBAS within ERTMS for virtual balise detection taking into account all existing ETCS and newly introduced safety barriers;

Safety acceptance and approval process for Generic Application Safety Case (CENELEC) e.g. for SBAS-based ERTMS/ETCS



Generic safety cases shall be mutually recognized in all EU MSs.

- 1. Certification and safety approval process applied on European railways enables to achieve the required interoperability and very high safety levels (SIL 4);
- 2. Basic element in this process is a Safety Case;
- 3. The process must be also applied for introduction of GNSS into ERTMS/ETCS;
- The required cross-acceptance of Safety Cases for application of GNSS SoL service in railway signalling and train Control can be achieved by means of two Generic Safety Cases (EN 50129): (a) General Product Safety Case, and (b) Generic Application Safety Case
- 5. Generic Product Safety Case for SBAS is a key element for introduction of SBAS/EGNOS into ERTMS/ETCS.



Acknowledgement

This work was supported from the project PosiTrans (2018-2020) performed within the Czech MŠMT OP VVV programme.

Reference:

Filip, A., Sabina, S. and Rispoli, F.: A Framework for Certification of Train Location Determination System Based on GNSS for ERTMS/ ETCS. COMPRAIL 2018, Lisbon, 2-4 July 2018, 14 pages.